

Topic - Relation of Social Psychology with Secondary

The relation between social psychology and secondary socialization is very important. Socialization is the process by which an individual learns the norms, values, and behaviors of a society. This process is primarily influenced by family and school during childhood. Social psychology, on the other hand, is the study of how individuals' thoughts, feelings, and behaviors are influenced by the presence of others. It focuses on social interaction, social norms, and social identity.

The relationship between these two fields is evident in the concept of social identity theory. This theory suggests that individuals develop a sense of self based on the social groups they belong to. This process is heavily influenced by socialization, particularly during the formative years of childhood. For example, a child who is raised in a family that values education and hard work will likely internalize these values and identify themselves as a student or a person who values education.

Another key connection is the role of social norms. Social norms are the unwritten rules that govern behavior in a society. These norms are learned through socialization. Social psychology studies how these norms are formed, maintained, and changed. For instance, the norm of respecting personal space is a result of socialization. Social psychologists study how this norm is reinforced through social interactions and how it might vary across different cultures.

Furthermore, the concept of social identity is closely tied to socialization. As individuals grow up, they learn to identify themselves with various social groups, such as family, school, and community. This process of identification is a direct result of socialization. Social psychology then examines how these social identities influence an individual's behavior and attitudes. For example, someone who identifies themselves as a member of a particular social group might behave in ways that are consistent with the expectations of that group.

In conclusion, the relationship between social psychology and secondary socialization is a complex and interconnected one. Socialization provides the foundation for the social norms and identities that social psychology studies. Understanding how these processes interact can help us better understand human behavior and social interaction.

The first part of the book is devoted to a study of the
 development of the Indian economy from the
 pre-independence period to the present. The author
 discusses the various factors which have influenced
 the growth of the Indian economy, such as the
 impact of British rule, the role of the state,
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कर्म विषय - फलतः समाज में राक्षस जाति व्यक्तियों के
 अभाव के लिये समाज-विज्ञान को ही अन्तः क्रिया है।
 वेदों के अनुसार समाज में नैतिक विद्या तथा समाजशास्त्र
 के अभाव में समाज में दोषों विज्ञान द्वारा अपराधी गुरु
 विद्या का ही संशोधन है। समाज में नैतिक-व्यक्तियों के
 सामाजिक अभाव के संशोधन समाज-शास्त्र का अध्ययन
 करने के लिये समाज-शास्त्र के लिये ही उपयोग
 करते हैं। इस विधि द्वारा शुद्ध चरों में जोड़-गोड़ करने
 उदात्त प्रभाव के लिये चरों में वेदों के जोड़-गोड़ करने
 चरों के बीच कारण-प्रभाव संबंध के लिये ही जोड़-गोड़
 एक निश्चित निष्कर्ष पर पहुँचते हैं। एक समाज में नैतिक
 नैतिक की शक्ति में परिवर्तन का आलापी का अध्ययन
 का लक्ष्य है कि समाज को बदलने का कार्य का समकाल
 नित्य तब ही समाज होता है परन्तु समाजशास्त्री
 को विधि द्वारा समाज-शास्त्र को जोड़ के लिये अपनी
 विषय-वस्तु के समाज-शास्त्र का अध्ययन करते हैं। इस प्रकार
 दोषों के नैतिक समाज का अध्ययन करके ही समाज-शास्त्र
 विधि अपनाते हैं।

Kumar Preeti

Maharaja College, Azamgarh